

CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE SOCIAL POWER CONTEXT AND INTERACTION

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CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE SOCIAL POWER CONTEXT AND INTERACTION FORM AN INTRICATE WEB THAT SHAPES HOW SOCIETIES UNDERSTAND, RESPOND TO, AND REGULATE BEHAVIORS DEEMED OUTSIDE THE NORM. DEVIANCE IS NOT SIMPLY ABOUT BREAKING RULES OR LAWS; IT'S DEEPLY EMBEDDED IN THE SOCIAL FABRIC, INFLUENCED BY WHO HOLDS POWER, THE CONTEXT IN WHICH ACTIONS OCCUR, AND THE NATURE OF SOCIAL INTERACTIONS. EXPLORING THESE DIMENSIONS REVEALS MUCH ABOUT HOW SOCIETIES MAINTAIN ORDER, ENFORCE BOUNDARIES, AND NEGOTIATE IDENTITY.

THE SOCIAL CONSTRUCTION OF DEVIANCE

DEVIANCE IS NOT AN INHERENT QUALITY OF AN ACT OR BEHAVIOR BUT RATHER A LABEL THAT SOCIETY ATTACHES TO CERTAIN ACTIONS. THIS LABELING IS A SOCIAL PROCESS, MEANING WHAT IS CONSIDERED DEVIANT IN ONE CULTURE OR ERA MIGHT BE ACCEPTABLE IN ANOTHER. THE CONCEPT OF "CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE" SUGGESTS THAT DEVIANCE IS CONTEXT-DEPENDENT, SHAPED BY CULTURAL NORMS, VALUES, AND SOCIAL EXPECTATIONS.

HOW NORMS DEFINE DEVIANCE

EVERY SOCIETY HAS NORMS—EXPLICIT AND IMPLICIT RULES GUIDING BEHAVIOR. WHEN SOMEONE VIOLATES THESE NORMS, THEY RISK BEING LABELED DEVIANT. HOWEVER, WHAT COUNTS AS A NORM IS ALWAYS SUBJECT TO INTERPRETATION AND CHANGE. FOR EXAMPLE, DRESS CODES, LANGUAGE USE, OR SOCIAL RITUALS MIGHT BE STRICTLY ENFORCED IN SOME COMMUNITIES BUT RELAXED IN OTHERS. THIS VARIABILITY HIGHLIGHTS THAT DEVIANCE IS NOT FIXED BUT FLUID.

ROLE OF SOCIAL POWER IN DEFINING DEVIANCE

POWER DYNAMICS PLAY A CRUCIAL ROLE IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF DEVIANCE. THOSE IN POSITIONS OF AUTHORITY—WHETHER POLITICAL LEADERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT, OR CULTURAL GATEKEEPERS—OFTEN DECIDE WHICH BEHAVIORS ARE LABELED DEVIANT. THIS MEANS THAT DEVIANCE CAN SOMETIMES BE A TOOL FOR MAINTAINING SOCIAL HIERARCHIES, MARGINALIZING CERTAIN GROUPS, OR REINFORCING DOMINANT IDEOLOGIES. FOR INSTANCE, BEHAVIORS OF MARGINALIZED COMMUNITIES MIGHT BE MORE HEAVILY SCRUTINIZED AND PENALIZED COMPARED TO THOSE OF PRIVILEGED GROUPS.

CONTEXT MATTERS: SITUATIONAL INFLUENCES ON DEVIANCE

UNDERSTANDING DEVIANCE REQUIRES ATTENTION TO THE CONTEXT IN WHICH BEHAVIORS OCCUR. CONTEXT SHAPES NOT ONLY WHETHER AN ACT IS SEEN AS DEVIANT BUT ALSO HOW SOCIETY REACTS TO IT. CONTEXTUAL FACTORS INCLUDE THE ENVIRONMENT, CULTURAL BACKGROUND, HISTORICAL PERIOD, AND THE PRESENCE OF SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

SITUATIONAL CONTEXT AND SOCIAL REACTIONS

AN ACTION THAT IS DEVIANT IN ONE SETTING MAY BE ACCEPTABLE OR EVEN CELEBRATED IN ANOTHER. FOR EXAMPLE, PUBLIC DISPLAYS OF AFFECTION MAY BE NORMAL IN SOME CULTURES BUT CONSIDERED INAPPROPRIATE OR DEVIANT IN OTHERS. SIMILARLY, BEHAVIORS LIKE PROTESTING OR CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE MAY BE SEEN AS DEVIANT BY AUTHORITIES BUT HEROIC BY SUPPORTERS.

HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL CONTEXTS

Deviance is also historically contingent. What was once criminalized may become normalized over time. The changing attitudes toward alcohol consumption, same-sex relationships, or drug use illustrate how societal norms evolve. Cultural context adds another layer, as different societies have varying moral codes and legal frameworks influencing their constructions of deviance.

INTERACTION AND THE SOCIAL CONSTRUCTION OF DEVIANCE

Deviance is not only constructed by institutions or abstract norms but also through everyday social interactions. Interactionist perspectives highlight how individuals negotiate meanings and labels in their daily lives, affecting how deviance is perceived and managed.

LABELING THEORY AND SOCIAL INTERACTION

One of the most influential frameworks in understanding deviance through interaction is labeling theory. It posits that deviance arises not merely from the act itself but from the social reaction to that act. When individuals are labeled as deviant, this can influence their self-identity and future behavior, sometimes leading to a self-fulfilling prophecy.

POWER IN SOCIAL INTERACTIONS

Every social interaction carries a power dynamic that can influence how deviance is constructed. For example, teachers, police officers, or employers have authority to label behavior as deviant, while those labeled have fewer resources to contest such labels. These interactions are sites where social power is exercised and reproduced.

THE INTERPLAY OF POWER, CONTEXT, AND INTERACTION

The constructions of deviance, social power, context, and interaction are deeply intertwined. Power shapes the social context and frames interactions, while context influences how power is exercised and interactions unfold. Understanding this interplay is vital for grasping the complexities of deviance.

POWER STRUCTURES AND SOCIAL CONTROL

Institutions such as the legal system, media, and education are arenas where power is centralized and deviance is controlled. These structures create narratives about what is normal and abnormal, often reinforcing dominant social orders. For example, media portrayals can stigmatize certain groups by associating them with deviant behavior.

NEGOTIATION OF DEVIANCE IN EVERYDAY LIFE

On a micro-level, individuals continuously negotiate meanings around deviance. Someone labeled as deviant might resist, accept, or redefine that label through interactions with family, peers, or authorities. These negotiations reveal the dynamic and contested nature of deviance construction.

IMPLICATIONS FOR SOCIAL POLICY AND JUSTICE

RECOGNIZING THAT DEVIANCE IS CONSTRUCTED THROUGH SOCIAL POWER, CONTEXT, AND INTERACTION HAS SIGNIFICANT IMPLICATIONS FOR HOW SOCIETIES ADDRESS SOCIAL PROBLEMS. POLICIES THAT IGNORE THESE FACTORS RISK REINFORCING INEQUALITIES AND PERPETUATING STIGMA.

RETHINKING CRIME AND PUNISHMENT

CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEMS OFTEN REFLECT THE DOMINANT CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE AND POWER RELATIONS. AN AWARENESS OF THESE CONSTRUCTIONS ENCOURAGES MORE EQUITABLE APPROACHES, SUCH AS RESTORATIVE JUSTICE, WHICH FOCUSES ON REPAIRING HARM RATHER THAN SIMPLY PUNISHING INDIVIDUALS.

PROMOTING INCLUSIVE SOCIAL NORMS

EFFORTS TO BUILD INCLUSIVE COMMUNITIES REQUIRE CHALLENGING RIGID DEFINITIONS OF DEVIANCE AND EMBRACING DIVERSITY IN BEHAVIORS AND IDENTITIES. EDUCATION AND PUBLIC DISCOURSE CAN PLAY A ROLE IN RESHAPING NORMS TO BE MORE ACCEPTING AND LESS PUNITIVE.

EXPLORING DEVIANCE BEYOND STIGMA

DEVIANCE IS OFTEN ASSOCIATED WITH NEGATIVITY, BUT IT CAN ALSO BE A SOURCE OF SOCIAL CHANGE AND INNOVATION. MANY SOCIAL MOVEMENTS BEGIN AS DEVIANT ACTS CHALLENGING THE STATUS QUO.

DEVIANCE AS RESISTANCE

ACTS LABELED AS DEVIANT MAY BE FORMS OF RESISTANCE AGAINST OPPRESSIVE POWER STRUCTURES. CIVIL RIGHTS PROTESTS, LGBTQ+ ACTIVISM, AND ENVIRONMENTAL ADVOCACY HAVE ALL BEEN DEEMED DEVIANT AT DIFFERENT TIMES YET HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO SOCIETAL PROGRESS.

THE CREATIVE POTENTIAL OF DEVIANCE

ARTISTS, THINKERS, AND INNOVATORS OFTEN OPERATE OUTSIDE CONVENTIONAL NORMS, EMBRACING DEVIANCE AS A SPACE FOR CREATIVITY. RECOGNIZING THIS POSITIVE DIMENSION BROADENS OUR UNDERSTANDING BEYOND SIMPLISTIC JUDGMENTS.

THE CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE SOCIAL POWER CONTEXT AND INTERACTION INVITE US TO LOOK BEYOND SURFACE BEHAVIORS AND EXAMINE THE DEEPER SOCIAL PROCESSES SHAPING OUR COLLECTIVE LIFE. BY APPRECIATING HOW DEVIANCE IS FORMED, NEGOTIATED, AND CONTESTED, WE GAIN INSIGHT INTO THE COMPLEXITIES OF SOCIAL ORDER AND THE POSSIBILITIES FOR TRANSFORMATION.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS MEANT BY 'CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE' IN A SOCIAL CONTEXT?

CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE REFER TO THE WAYS IN WHICH SOCIETY DEFINES AND LABELS CERTAIN BEHAVIORS OR INDIVIDUALS AS DEVIANT BASED ON CULTURAL NORMS, VALUES, AND SOCIAL CONTEXTS RATHER THAN INHERENT QUALITIES OF THE BEHAVIOR

ITSELF.

How Does Social Power Influence the Labeling of Deviance?

Social power plays a crucial role in labeling deviance because groups with more power and influence often determine what is considered normal or deviant, thereby enforcing norms that maintain their dominance.

What Role Does Interaction Play in the Social Construction of Deviance?

Interaction is central to constructing deviance as individuals and groups negotiate meanings and labels through social encounters, reinforcing or challenging norms in everyday life.

Can Deviance Vary Across Different Social Contexts?

Yes, deviance is relative and can vary significantly across different social, cultural, and historical contexts because norms and values differ between groups and societies.

How Do Theories Like Labeling Theory Explain Deviance?

Labeling theory explains deviance by suggesting that deviance is not inherent in an act but results from society's reaction and labeling of the act or individual as deviant, which can subsequently influence self-identity and behavior.

In What Ways Does Social Power Affect the Enforcement of Deviant Labels?

Those with greater social power control laws, norms, and enforcement mechanisms, allowing them to impose labels selectively, often marginalizing less powerful groups while protecting their own interests.

How Can Interactionist Perspectives Help Us Understand the Fluidity of Deviance?

Interactionist perspectives highlight that deviance is fluid because meanings and labels are created and changed through ongoing social interactions, making it context-dependent and negotiable.

What Is the Importance of Examining Both Social Power and Interaction in Studying Deviance?

Examining both social power and interaction is important because power shapes who gets labeled deviant, while interaction reveals how these labels are communicated, resisted, or accepted in social life, providing a comprehensive understanding of deviance.

Additional Resources

CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE: SOCIAL POWER, CONTEXT, AND INTERACTION

CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE SOCIAL POWER CONTEXT AND INTERACTION represent a complex and multifaceted area of sociological inquiry that delves into how societies define, interpret, and respond to behaviors deemed outside normative boundaries. Deviance, far from being an inherent quality of certain actions or individuals, is largely constructed through social processes influenced by power dynamics, cultural contexts, and interpersonal interactions. This article explores these intricate constructions, analyzing the roles that social power, situational context, and everyday interactions play in shaping perceptions and responses to deviant behavior.

UNDERSTANDING DEVIANCE AS A SOCIAL CONSTRUCT

DEVIANCE IS NOT A FIXED OR UNIVERSAL CATEGORY; RATHER, IT FLUCTUATES ACCORDING TO CULTURAL NORMS, HISTORICAL PERIODS, AND SOCIAL ENVIRONMENTS. ACTIONS CLASSIFIED AS DEVIANT IN ONE SOCIETY OR ERA MAY BE ACCEPTED OR EVEN CELEBRATED IN ANOTHER. THIS FLUIDITY UNDERSCORES THE CENTRAL SOCIOLOGICAL INSIGHT THAT DEVIANCE IS SOCIALLY CONSTRUCTED.

AT THE HEART OF THIS CONSTRUCTION IS THE EXERCISE OF SOCIAL POWER—THE ABILITY OF CERTAIN GROUPS OR INSTITUTIONS TO DEFINE WHICH BEHAVIORS ARE ACCEPTABLE AND WHICH ARE NOT. THOSE WHO HOLD POWER IN SOCIETY, WHETHER POLITICAL LEADERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS, OFTEN SET THE STANDARDS FOR DEVIANCE, INFLUENCING LAWS, SOCIAL POLICIES, AND PUBLIC OPINION. CONSEQUENTLY, DEVIANCE BECOMES A REFLECTION OF SOCIAL HIERARCHIES AND STRUGGLES OVER MORAL AUTHORITY.

SOCIAL POWER AND THE LABELING OF DEVIANCE

LABELING THEORY PROVIDES A CRITICAL LENS FOR UNDERSTANDING HOW SOCIAL POWER INFLUENCES THE CONSTRUCTION OF DEVIANCE. ACCORDING TO THIS PERSPECTIVE, DEVIANCE IS NOT INHERENT IN AN ACT BUT RESULTS FROM THE LABELS APPLIED BY SOCIETY. POWERFUL GROUPS POSSESS THE RESOURCES AND AUTHORITY TO LABEL BEHAVIORS AND INDIVIDUALS AS DEVIANT, OFTEN MARGINALIZING THOSE WHO LACK SOCIAL CAPITAL.

FOR EXAMPLE, DRUG USE MIGHT BE CRIMINALIZED AND STIGMATIZED AMONG CERTAIN POPULATIONS, WHILE SIMILAR BEHAVIORS IN MORE PRIVILEGED GROUPS RECEIVE LESS SCRUTINY OR ARE MEDICALIZED AS HEALTH ISSUES. THIS DISPARITY HIGHLIGHTS HOW CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE INTERSECT WITH CLASS, RACE, AND OTHER SOCIAL DIVISIONS, REVEALING THE UNEVEN DISTRIBUTION OF SOCIAL POWER.

THE ROLE OF CONTEXT IN DEFINING DEVIANCE

CONTEXT IS A CRUCIAL FACTOR IN HOW DEVIANCE IS CONSTRUCTED AND INTERPRETED. THE SAME BEHAVIOR CAN BE PERCEIVED DIFFERENTLY DEPENDING ON THE SOCIAL SETTING, CULTURAL BACKGROUND, OR SITUATIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES. THIS RELATIVISM CHALLENGES SIMPLISTIC DEFINITIONS AND CALLS ATTENTION TO THE IMPORTANCE OF UNDERSTANDING DEVIANCE WITHIN ITS PARTICULAR SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT.

SITUATIONAL VARIABILITY OF DEVIANT ACTS

CONSIDER THE ACT OF PUBLIC NUDITY: IN SOME CULTURAL FESTIVALS, IT MAY BE ACCEPTED OR EVEN RITUALIZED, WHILE IN OTHER CONTEXTS, IT IS VIEWED AS INDECENT OR ILLEGAL. SIMILARLY, SPEECH ACTS THAT MIGHT BE CONSIDERED OFFENSIVE OR THREATENING IN ONE SOCIETY COULD BE PROTECTED AS FREE EXPRESSION IN ANOTHER. THE CONTEXT ALSO INCLUDES TEMPORAL FACTORS; BEHAVIORS ONCE SEEN AS DEVIANT, SUCH AS INTERRACIAL MARRIAGE OR HOMOSEXUALITY, HAVE UNDERGONE SIGNIFICANT REDEFINITIONS OVER TIME.

THIS VARIABILITY DEMONSTRATES THAT DEVIANCE CANNOT BE FULLY UNDERSTOOD WITHOUT ANALYZING THE CONTEXTUAL FACTORS THAT SHAPE SOCIAL NORMS AND EXPECTATIONS. RESEARCHERS MUST CONSIDER THE CULTURAL, LEGAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORKS THAT INFLUENCE HOW BEHAVIORS ARE CATEGORIZED.

INTERACTIONIST PERSPECTIVES: DEVIANCE THROUGH SOCIAL INTERACTION

INTERACTIONIST THEORIES EMPHASIZE THE MICRO-LEVEL PROCESSES THROUGH WHICH DEVIANCE IS CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED. THROUGH EVERYDAY INTERACTIONS, INDIVIDUALS NEGOTIATE MEANINGS AND IDENTITIES, INCLUDING THOSE RELATED TO DEVIANCE. THIS PERSPECTIVE HIGHLIGHTS THE DYNAMIC AND RELATIONAL NATURE OF DEVIANCE AS A SOCIAL PHENOMENON.

WITHIN THIS FRAMEWORK, DEVIANCE EMERGES NOT ONLY FROM THE ACT ITSELF BUT FROM THE REACTIONS OF OTHERS AND THE ONGOING SOCIAL EXCHANGES THAT DEFINE WHAT IS ACCEPTABLE. FOR INSTANCE, A TEENAGER'S REBELLIOUS BEHAVIOR MAY BE LABELED DEVIANT BY PARENTS AND TEACHERS, AFFECTING THE YOUTH'S SELF-CONCEPT AND FUTURE INTERACTIONS. THE PROCESS OF STIGMATIZATION AND IDENTITY FORMATION UNDERSCORES THE INTERACTIVE CONSTRUCTION OF DEVIANCE.

POWER DYNAMICS IN SOCIAL CONTEXTS AND DEVIANCE

THE INTERPLAY BETWEEN SOCIAL POWER AND CONTEXT EXTENDS BEYOND LABELING TO INFLUENCE ENFORCEMENT AND SOCIAL CONTROL MECHANISMS. INSTITUTIONS SUCH AS THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, SCHOOLS, AND WORKPLACES OFTEN SERVE AS ARENAS WHERE POWER RELATIONS ARE ENACTED AND DEVIANCE IS POLICED.

INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSES AND SOCIAL CONTROL

POWERFUL INSTITUTIONS HAVE THE CAPACITY TO CODIFY DEVIANCE THROUGH LAWS, RULES, AND POLICIES, WHICH IN TURN SHAPE PUBLIC PERCEPTIONS AND INDIVIDUAL EXPERIENCES. THE SELECTIVE ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS REVEALS HOW SOCIAL POWER DETERMINES WHICH FORMS OF DEVIANCE ARE TARGETED. FOR INSTANCE, WHITE-COLLAR CRIMES OFTEN RECEIVE MORE LENIENT TREATMENT COMPARED TO STREET-LEVEL OFFENSES PREDOMINANTLY COMMITTED BY MARGINALIZED GROUPS.

MOREOVER, INSTITUTIONS USE VARIOUS STRATEGIES TO MANAGE DEVIANCE, FROM PUNISHMENT AND REHABILITATION TO EXCLUSION AND SURVEILLANCE. THESE STRATEGIES REFLECT BROADER SOCIETAL VALUES AND POWER STRUCTURES, REINFORCING OR CHALLENGING EXISTING HIERARCHIES.

RESISTANCE AND REDEFINITION OF DEVIANCE

IT IS IMPORTANT TO ACKNOWLEDGE THAT CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE ARE CONTESTED AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE. SOCIAL MOVEMENTS AND MARGINALIZED GROUPS FREQUENTLY CHALLENGE DOMINANT DEFINITIONS, SEEKING TO REDEFINE BEHAVIORS AND IDENTITIES PREVIOUSLY LABELED AS DEVIANT.

EXAMPLES INCLUDE THE DECRIMINALIZATION OF MARIJUANA, LGBTQ+ RIGHTS MOVEMENTS, AND CAMPAIGNS AGAINST RACIAL PROFILING. THESE EFFORTS ILLUSTRATE HOW SOCIAL POWER CAN BE RENEGOTIATED THROUGH COLLECTIVE ACTION, RESHAPING THE SOCIAL CONTEXT AND INTERACTION PATTERNS THAT GOVERN DEVIANCE.

IMPLICATIONS FOR SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH AND POLICY

UNDERSTANDING THE CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE WITHIN THE FRAMEWORKS OF SOCIAL POWER, CONTEXT, AND INTERACTION HAS SIGNIFICANT IMPLICATIONS FOR BOTH RESEARCH AND POLICY-MAKING. SOCIOLOGISTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO ADOPT NUANCED APPROACHES THAT ACCOUNT FOR THE COMPLEXITY AND VARIABILITY OF DEVIANCE RATHER THAN RELYING ON STATIC OR UNIVERSAL DEFINITIONS.

POLICY MAKERS, LIKEWISE, MUST RECOGNIZE HOW POWER DYNAMICS INFLUENCE LEGAL DEFINITIONS AND ENFORCEMENT, STRIVING FOR EQUITY AND INCLUSIVITY IN ADDRESSING DEVIANT BEHAVIOR. FOR EXAMPLE:

- IMPLEMENTING RESTORATIVE JUSTICE PRACTICES THAT FOCUS ON SOCIAL REINTEGRATION RATHER THAN PUNISHMENT.
- ADDRESSING SYSTEMIC BIASES IN LAW ENFORCEMENT TO REDUCE DISCRIMINATORY LABELING OF DEVIANCE.
- PROMOTING CULTURAL SENSITIVITY AND CONTEXTUAL AWARENESS IN THE APPLICATION OF SOCIAL NORMS AND LAWS.

SUCH APPROACHES CAN MITIGATE THE NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES OF STIGMATIZATION AND EXCLUSION, FOSTERING MORE JUST AND ADAPTIVE SOCIAL SYSTEMS.

THE CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE ARE THUS NOT MERELY ACADEMIC CONCEPTS BUT ACTIVE PROCESSES THAT SHAPE LIVED REALITIES. THROUGH THE LENSES OF SOCIAL POWER, CONTEXT, AND INTERACTION, SOCIETY CONTINUALLY NEGOTIATES THE BOUNDARIES OF ACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOR, REFLECTING BROADER STRUGGLES OVER IDENTITY, AUTHORITY, AND SOCIAL ORDER.

Constructions Of Deviance Social Power Context And Interaction

constructions of deviance social power context and interaction: Constructions of Deviance, 2012 Packed with the most recent and relevant articles in the field, CONSTRUCTIONS OF DEVIANCE: SOCIAL POWER, CONTEXT, AND INTERACTION, Seventh Edition, shows you how to apply the concepts and theories of deviance to the world around you. The text's current, comprehensive coverage includes both theoretical analyses and ethnographic illustrations of how deviance is socially constructed, organized, and managed. Seasoned authors and award-winning professors, Patricia Adler and Peter Adler cover a wide variety of deviant acts--challenging you to see the diversity and pervasiveness of deviance in society. The text presents deviance as a component of society and examines the construction of deviance in terms of differential social power. Its unique interactionist or constructionist perspective on deviance explores the processes in society that create deviance. Ethnographic in character, the authors' intriguing selected studies focus on the experiences of deviants, the deviant-making process, and the ways in which people labeled as deviant in society react to that label. The balanced selection of readings is timely and engaging, while in-depth introduction, explanation of theory, and discussion questions after each reading guide you through the fascinating material. -- Book Description.

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process, and the ways in which people labeled as deviant in society react to that label. Students and instructors alike find the balanced selection of readings to be both timely and engaging, while in-depth introductions, explanations of theory, and discussion questions after each reading help guide students through the fascinating material. Important Notice: Media content referenced within the product description or the product text may not be available in the ebook version.

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strafrechtlichen, strafprozessualen und strafvollzuglichen Alltags. Durch seine internationale und europäische, sozialwissenschaftliche Ausrichtung will es der Bereicherung und Entwicklung der deutschsprachigen Kriminologie dienen. Vierzig führende Kriminologen aus zehn Ländern haben die Bearbeitung vorgenommen.

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Ergebnis von Etikettierungen. Und diese Etikettierungen interessieren sie – unter interaktionstheoretischen, sozial-ökologischen, polit-ökonomischen und herrschaftssoziologischen Gesichtspunkten. Die Wahrnehmungs- und Bedeutsamkeitsdifferenzen zwischen einem Großteil der KriminalwissenschaftlerInnen und großen Teilen der Bevölkerung sind größer geworden. Die Autoren geben viele Antworten auf die mit diesen Entwicklungen gestellten Fragen.

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