

lanier you are not a gadget

Lanier You Are Not a Gadget: Exploring Jaron Lanier's Critique of Digital Culture

lanier you are not a gadget is more than just a phrase—it encapsulates a profound critique of how digital technologies shape our identities, creativity, and social interactions. Jaron Lanier, a pioneer in virtual reality and a thoughtful commentator on technology, challenges the prevailing assumptions about the digital world in his influential book **You Are Not a Gadget**. His insights resonate deeply in an era dominated by social media, algorithms, and the automation of human experiences.

In this article, we'll dive into the core ideas behind Lanier's message, why it matters today, and how his perspectives can help us navigate the complexities of digital life with more awareness and intention.

Who Is Jaron Lanier?

Before unpacking the core themes of **You Are Not a Gadget**, it's useful to understand the mind behind the message. Jaron Lanier is a computer scientist, composer, and author, widely regarded as one of the founding figures of virtual reality technology. His early work helped shape immersive digital environments, but his later writings reveal a cautious stance toward how technology should evolve.

Lanier's unique position as both a creator and critic allows him to see the promises and pitfalls of digital culture clearly. Unlike many tech evangelists who celebrate every innovation uncritically, Lanier advocates for preserving human dignity and individuality in the face of technology's rapid expansion.

Understanding “Lanier You Are Not a Gadget”

At its heart, the phrase “lanier you are not a gadget” is a reminder that people are not mere components or cogs in a machine. Lanier argues that digital systems often reduce human beings to data points or simplified representations, stripping away the rich nuance that makes individuality possible.

The Problem with Digital Reductionism

One of the central critiques Lanier makes in his book is against what he calls “digital reductionism.” This is the tendency of software and platforms to enforce rigid structures on human creativity and social interaction. For example, social media profiles force people to fit their identities into predefined fields—name, age, location, status updates—which can't capture the full complexity of a person.

Lanier warns that this approach not only diminishes personal uniqueness but can also lead to a homogenized culture where conformity is rewarded, and originality is stifled. When algorithms prioritize certain types of content or behavior, they inadvertently shape how people express themselves, often in subtle ways.

The Dangers of the “Hive Mind” Mentality

Another important theme is Lanier’s caution against what he describes as the “hive mind.” This concept refers to the collective intelligence that emerges when large groups of people collaborate online, but without individual accountability or recognition. While collective efforts can be powerful, Lanier points out that the hive mind can suppress dissenting voices and reduce individuals to anonymous contributors.

In the age of Wikipedia, crowdsourcing, and open-source software, this phenomenon is highly relevant. Lanier respects collaboration but insists that it should not come at the cost of ignoring individual creativity and ownership.

Lanier’s Vision for a Human-Centered Digital Future

Rather than rejecting technology outright, Lanier proposes a more balanced approach—one that respects human values and creativity while leveraging digital tools for good.

Emphasizing Personal Agency and Ownership

A key part of Lanier’s vision includes empowering users to control their digital identities and creations. He suggests new economic models where individuals can be compensated for their contributions online, challenging the current paradigm where giant corporations often reap disproportionate rewards.

This idea is particularly relevant in discussions about data privacy and the monetization of personal information. Lanier’s perspective encourages us to rethink who benefits from the digital economy and how to make it more equitable.

Reclaiming Creativity in a Digital Age

Lanier also stresses the importance of nurturing creativity—both as a personal pursuit and as a societal value. He argues that technology should be designed to augment human creativity rather than constrain it. This means building tools that allow more freedom of expression rather than enforcing rigid templates or content standards.

One practical implication is for developers and designers to prioritize flexibility and customization in digital platforms, enabling users to shape their online experiences in ways that reflect their individuality.

Why “Lanier You Are Not a Gadget” Matters Today

In a world increasingly dominated by AI, machine learning, and automated systems, Lanier’s critique offers a timely warning. As we interact more with digital ecosystems, it’s easy to lose sight of our humanity amid the data and code.

The Rise of Algorithmic Influence

Algorithms now determine everything from what news we see to who we connect with socially. Lanier’s insights remind us to question these systems and consider their impact on diversity of thought and personal freedom.

Social Media and Identity Formation

Social platforms have become the primary stage for self-expression, but they often encourage curated, simplified versions of ourselves. Lanier’s work encourages users to resist the pressure to conform and to seek authenticity even in constrained digital spaces.

How to Apply Lanier’s Ideas in Everyday Digital Life

If “lanier you are not a gadget” speaks to you, there are practical ways to embrace his philosophy:

- **Be mindful of your online footprint:** Recognize that your digital identity is complex and resist oversimplifying it to fit platform limitations.
- **Support creators directly:** Whenever possible, contribute to artists, writers, and developers through patronage or direct payments instead of relying solely on ad-driven models.
- **Question algorithms:** Take time to understand how recommendation systems shape your online experience and seek out diverse sources of information.
- **Advocate for privacy and data rights:** Push for policies and technologies that give users more control over their data and digital presence.
- **Use technology to enhance creativity:** Choose tools and platforms that allow customization and personal expression rather than forcing uniformity.

By adopting these approaches, we honor Lanier’s call to recognize the full humanity behind every digital interaction.

The Lasting Impact of Jaron Lanier's Work

Jaron Lanier's **You Are Not a Gadget** serves as a beacon for anyone concerned about the future of technology and society. His work challenges us to think critically about the tools we use daily and the structures they impose on our lives.

In a landscape where technology is often seen as an unstoppable force, Lanier reminds us that we have the power—and responsibility—to shape it according to human values. His message is a call to reclaim individuality, creativity, and agency in the digital age, ensuring that people remain at the center of the technological story.

Whether you're a tech enthusiast, a digital creator, or simply someone navigating the online world, reflecting on "lanier you are not a gadget" can inspire a more thoughtful, intentional relationship with technology. It's an invitation to see beyond the screen and remember that behind every pixel is a person, not a gadget.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the main argument in Jaron Lanier's book 'You Are Not a Gadget'?

Jaron Lanier argues that the internet and digital technology often reduce human creativity and individuality by promoting conformity and limiting the way people express themselves.

How does 'You Are Not a Gadget' critique Web 2.0 culture?

The book critiques Web 2.0 culture for encouraging users to conform to predetermined templates and algorithms, which can stifle originality and reduce users to mere data points.

What solutions does Lanier propose in 'You Are Not a Gadget' to combat the negative effects of digital technology?

Lanier suggests designing technology that respects individual creativity and encourages diversity of thought, as well as rethinking the economic models of the internet to better reward creators.

Why is 'You Are Not a Gadget' considered influential in discussions about digital ethics?

The book is influential because it challenges prevailing assumptions about technology's impact on society and urges a more human-centered approach to digital development and ethics.

How does Lanier address the concept of 'digital reductionism'?

in 'You Are Not a Gadget'?

Lanier warns against 'digital reductionism,' the idea that complex human experiences can be fully captured and understood through simple digital representations or algorithms.

What role does individuality play in Lanier's vision as presented in 'You Are Not a Gadget'?

Individuality is central to Lanier's vision; he emphasizes that technology should empower unique human expression rather than enforce uniformity or diminish personal identity.

Additional Resources

Lanier You Are Not a Gadget: A Critical Examination of Technology and Humanity

lanier you are not a gadget is more than just a statement; it encapsulates a profound critique of the digital age authored by Jaron Lanier, a computer scientist and a pioneer in virtual reality technology. In his influential book, **You Are Not a Gadget: A Manifesto**, Lanier challenges the prevailing paradigms of the internet and digital culture, urging society to reconsider how technology shapes human identity, creativity, and social interactions. This article delves into the core themes of Lanier's work, examining his arguments against the dehumanizing effects of digital platforms, the pitfalls of collective intelligence, and the future of human-machine collaboration.

The Essence of Lanier's Critique on Digital Culture

At the heart of **You Are Not a Gadget** lies Lanier's apprehension about the reductionist tendencies of digital technology. He argues that many internet platforms, especially those emphasizing collective input like Wikipedia and social media, tend to commodify individual expression by forcing users into rigid frameworks. This, Lanier suggests, can strip away the nuances of personal creativity and reduce people to mere data points or "gadgets" within a larger system.

Lanier's critique is rooted in his belief that technology should amplify human potential rather than diminish it. He warns against the "hive mind" mentality, where the wisdom of crowds overshadows individual insight, resulting in a homogenized digital culture. His perspective challenges the common narrative that collective intelligence always leads to superior outcomes, proposing instead that it can foster conformity and stifle innovation.

Understanding Lanier's Position on Collective Intelligence

The Promise and Peril of the “Hive Mind”

Lanier acknowledges that collaborative technologies have revolutionized access to information and democratized knowledge. However, in **You Are Not a Gadget**, he cautions that overreliance on collective input systems can lead to a loss of individual authorship and accountability. He posits that when ideas are distilled into simplified, consensus-driven versions, the richness of human thought is often lost.

This thesis contrasts sharply with the popular enthusiasm surrounding platforms like Wikipedia, which epitomize the idea of crowdsourcing knowledge. While these platforms have undoubtedly expanded the availability of information, Lanier points out that their algorithms and editorial policies often suppress minority viewpoints and discourage originality.

The Impact on Creativity and Authorship

One of the most compelling aspects of Lanier’s argument is his focus on creativity. He contends that digital environments frequently encourage derivative content over original works due to the pressures of virality and mass appeal. This phenomenon, he argues, marginalizes creative professionals by making their labor undervalued and their contributions indistinguishable from the masses.

Lanier’s insights resonate deeply in discussions about intellectual property in the digital age. The tension between open-source collaboration and individual ownership raises critical questions about how creators can sustain their work financially and maintain creative control.

Technological Determinism Versus Human Agency

Lanier’s message in **You Are Not a Gadget** challenges the deterministic view that technology inevitably shapes society in a fixed way. Instead, he advocates for a more nuanced understanding that recognizes human agency in designing and using technology. He warns that by accepting the limitations and biases of current digital architectures as inevitable, society risks entrenching harmful patterns.

The Role of Design in Shaping User Experience

A significant portion of Lanier’s argument revolves around the design choices embedded in software and platforms. He explains how seemingly neutral design decisions can profoundly influence how users interact online, often constraining the expression of individuality. For example, character limits on social media platforms can reduce complex thoughts to simplistic statements, while algorithmic feeds prioritize engagement over depth.

Lanier encourages technologists and users alike to rethink these design principles to foster environments where complexity, nuance, and diversity of thought are celebrated rather than suppressed.

The Future of Human-Technology Interaction

Reimagining Digital Identity

In **You Are Not a Gadget**, Lanier envisions a future where digital technology supports rather than supplants human identity. He advocates for systems that empower users to maintain control over their digital personas and data. This vision aligns with emerging discussions about data privacy, ownership, and ethical AI development.

Balancing Automation and Human Creativity

Lanier's work also raises important questions about the increasing role of automation and artificial intelligence in creative fields. While AI tools can enhance productivity and open new creative avenues, Lanier stresses the importance of preserving human judgment and emotional depth in artistic expression.

Key Takeaways from Lanier's **You Are Not a Gadget**

- **Individuality Matters:** Lanier emphasizes that each person's unique contribution is vital and should not be lost in collectivist digital frameworks.
- **Beware of Over-Simplification:** Digital platforms often reduce complex ideas and identities to easily digestible formats, limiting depth and meaning.
- **Design Shapes Behavior:** The architecture of online spaces influences how users create, communicate, and perceive themselves.
- **Value Creative Labor:** The digital economy needs to find sustainable models that respect and reward creators.
- **Human Agency in Tech:** Technology is not destiny; humans have the power to shape its development and impact.

Contextualizing Lanier's Arguments in Today's Digital Landscape

Since the publication of **You Are Not a Gadget**, many of Lanier's concerns have gained renewed relevance amid debates about social media's role in misinformation, algorithmic bias, and privacy

erosion. His call for a more human-centered approach to technology serves as a critical counterpoint to the often unchecked expansion of digital platforms.

In comparing Lanier's work to other techno-critical voices, such as Sherry Turkle's explorations of digital identity or Evgeny Morozov's critiques of internet utopianism, **You Are Not a Gadget** stands out for its blend of technical expertise and philosophical depth. Lanier's firsthand experience as a VR pioneer lends credibility to his warnings about the unintended consequences of technology.

The Broader Implications for Tech Ethics and Policy

Lanier's manifesto also intersects with ongoing discussions about ethical technology design and digital rights. Policymakers and industry leaders increasingly recognize the need to balance innovation with protections for individual dignity and autonomy. Concepts championed by Lanier, such as user control over data and transparent algorithms, are now central to emerging regulatory frameworks.

Moreover, the book's insights contribute to the discourse around the digital divide and inclusivity. Ensuring that technology respects and reflects diverse human experiences remains a pressing challenge, particularly as AI and machine learning systems grow more influential.

Final Reflections

Lanier's **You Are Not a Gadget** remains a seminal work for anyone seeking to understand the complex relationship between technology and humanity. Its nuanced critique encourages a critical examination of how digital environments shape our identities and interactions. As technology continues to evolve, Lanier's call to prioritize human agency, creativity, and individuality serves as a vital guidepost in navigating the digital future.

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lanier you are not a gadget: Mediaphilism Ryan Somma, 2012-05 Collected here are the best

of 10 years' worth of essays from ideonexus.com reviewing films, books, games, and culture from the perspective of a nerd in love with science and wonder.

lanier you are not a gadget: Schutz von Medienprodukten Artur-Axel Wandtke, Ilja Czernik, Soenke Fock, Ole Jani, Michael Kauert, Kirsten-Inger Wöhrn, et al., 2011 Für die Unternehmen ist die Vermarktung von Medienprodukten als Waren von erheblicher wirtschaftlicher Bedeutung. Die Kulturindustrie hat ein ökonomisches Interesse daran, dass die Medienprodukte den Nutzern zur Verfügung gestellt werden können. Das Internet erleichtert diesen Vorgang. Die rechtlichen Rahmenbedingungen sind dabei aber zu beachten. Die Autoren des 2. Bandes weisen in ihren Beiträgen ausführlich auf den Inhalt und den Umfang des Schutzes der Medienprodukte hin. Neben der Erläuterung der urheberrechtlichen Werkkategorien, wie z.B. Film- und Musikwerke, sowie des Software- und Lichtbildschutzes, werden auch Hinweise für die Gestaltung von Computerspielen und Verträgen gegeben.

lanier you are not a gadget: Was war der Mensch? Ralf Frisch, 2017-11-29 Eine unvorstellbar fortgeschrittene und weitgereiste nichtirdische Zivilisation besucht eines fernen Tages, lange nach dem Tod des letzten Homo sapiens, unseren blauen Planeten. Was wird unsere Besucher bei ihrer archäologischen Analyse der untergegangenen Spezies Mensch am meisten in Erstaunen versetzen? Dass wir in irdischer Hinsicht so viel und in kosmischer Hinsicht so wenig von uns hielten? Dass wir uns weder technologisch noch ethisch weiter zu entwickeln vermochten? Oder dass manche von uns Erdlingen im Unterschied zu emotionsloseren, überlebenstechnisch souveräneren intelligenten Lebensformen des Alls eine Anthropotheologie der Vergebung und der Barmherzigkeit kultivierten? Nach seiner Vergegenwärtigung des Apostolischen Glaubensbekenntnisses mit dem Titel Was können wir glauben? Eine Erinnerung an Gott und den Menschen legt Ralf Frisch nun eine theologische Anthropologie vor, deren atemberaubende und bewusstseinsweiternde Szenarien vor allem für eines sensibilisieren: dass der Mensch nichts Geringeres ist als die Signatur des göttlichen Schöpfers des Kosmos.

lanier you are not a gadget: Geschichte digital Guido Koller, 2016-04-20 Nowadays, digital communication decisively shapes the professional image of the historian. What was still the exception 20 years ago is the norm today: Historical worlds are measured digitally and interpreted analogically. Digitalisation is changing the way historians think, teach and write, even today and is having a retroactive effect on the writing of history. Today, historians process large amounts of data with algorithms which make completely new perspectives and approaches to historical sources possible. The book describes the state of digital transformation for history as part of the humanities and discussed the perspectives on the future of the big data in the historical sciences. A service part complements this book, in which infrastructure, portals, tools, standards and blogs are presented.

lanier you are not a gadget: Schutz von Medienprodukten Ilja Czernik, Ole Jani, Michael Kauert, Claire Dietz, Jan Ehrhardt, Florian Hensel, Wolfgang Maaßen, Volker Kitz, Sebastian Schunke, 2014-09-11 Der zweite Band gibt eine allgemeine Einführung in das Urheberrecht und diskutiert detailliert urheberrechtlichen Probleme bei der Vermarktung von Medienprodukten speziell bei Filmen, Theater, Musik, Fotos, Computerspielen und natürlich Büchern.

lanier you are not a gadget: Verteidigung des Heiligen Johannes Hoff, 2021-06-28 Jeder weiß heute, worin die größte Bedrohung der Menschheit liegt: in der ökonomisch verursachten und technisch beschleunigten Verwüstung der Artenvielfalt und dem damit einhergehenden ökologischen Klimawandel. Die digitale Transformation konfrontiert uns mit einer vergleichbaren Bedrohung: mit der ökonomisch verursachten und technisch beschleunigten Verwüstung geistiger Vielfalt und dem damit einhergehenden spirituellen Klimawandel. Hoff zeigt, dass diese Herausforderung eine radikale Revision der anthropologischen Hintergrundannahmen erfordert, die unser humanistisch ausgedünntes Menschenbild im Gefolge der frühen Neuzeit als zukunftsweisend erscheinen ließen. Die Würde des Menschen hängt am Faden spiritueller Selbsttechnologien, die unseren Sinn für das Heilige wieder lebendig werden lassen.

lanier you are not a gadget: The Piracy Years Holger Briel, Michael High, Markus Heidingsfelder, 2023-06-15 The Piracy Years: Internet File Sharing in a Global Context is the first

collection to provide an overview of digital piracy's recent past and its potential futures. Combining research essays, interviews, and overviews, the volume brings together leading scholars and infamous digital pirates from China, Germany, the Netherlands, Nigeria, Russia, the United Kingdom, and the United States. In June 1999, the peer-to-peer (P2P) file sharing website Napster transformed the availability of online content, but the site was quickly sued into oblivion. Despite the highly publicised shutdowns of a number of P2P websites, many continue to thrive, and digital piracy has become a global phenomenon. This book argues that any future media theory and research will have to contend with such web practices remaining an integral and politically formative part of the Internet. Offline and online piracies thrive on technological affordances in opposition to corporate efforts – in music, film, publishing, and academia – to label them as threatening to the economy and society. Therefore, this book explores piracy as a phenomenon navigating the conventions, norms, and boundaries of legality in digital cultures. Pirate networked sociabilities work within and outside the fringes of market economy through the lens of institutional and discursive power. By creating new ways that keep society moving and from stagnation, they ensure its continued existence – including the survival of the very areas they attack. The Piracy Years is an essential resource for researchers, post-graduate students, and anyone interested in the global spread and ever-increasing importance of digital piracy.

lanier you are not a gadget: America the Philosophical Carlin Romano, 2012-05-22 A bold, insightful book that rejects the myth of America the Unphilosophical, arguing that America today towers as the most philosophical culture in the history of the world, an unprecedented marketplace of truth and argument that far surpasses ancient Greece or any other place one can name. With verve and keen intelligence, Carlin Romano—Pulitzer Prize finalist, award-winning book critic, and professor of philosophy—takes on the widely held belief that ours is an anti-intellectual society. Instead, while providing a richly reported overview of American thought, Romano argues that ordinary Americans see through phony philosophical justifications faster than anyone else, and that the best of our thinkers abandon artificial academic debates for fresh intellectual enterprises, such as cyberphilosophy. Along the way, Romano seeks to topple philosophy's most fiercely admired hero, Socrates, asserting that it is Isocrates, the nearly forgotten Greek philosopher who rejected certainty, whom Americans should honor as their intellectual ancestor. *America the Philosophical* introduces readers to a nation whose existence most still doubt: a dynamic, deeply stimulating network of people and places drawn together by shared excitement about ideas. From the annual conference of the American Philosophical Association, where scholars tack wiseguy notes addressed to Spinoza on a public bulletin board, to the eruption of philosophy blogs where participants discuss everything from pedagogy to the philosophy of science to the nature of agency and free will, Romano reveals a world where public debate and intellectual engagement never stop. And readers meet the men and women whose ideas have helped shape American life over the previous few centuries, from well-known historical figures like William James and Ralph Waldo Emerson, to modern cultural critics who deserve to be seen as thinkers (Kenneth Burke, Edward Said), to the iconoclastic African American, women, Native American, and gay mavericks (Cornel West, Susan Sontag, Anne Waters, Richard Mohr) who have broadened the boundaries of American philosophy. Smart and provocative, *America the Philosophical* is a rebellious tour de force that both celebrates our country's unparalleled intellectual energy and promises to bury some of our most hidebound cultural clichés.

lanier you are not a gadget: The Hands-On Life Amy E. Weldon, 2018-01-30 Stressed out? Swimming in a sea of screens? Worried about our beloved, endangered earth yet uncertain how to work for change? If this sounds familiar, you're not alone. In this intelligent guide to mindfulness in the digital age, writer and teacher Amy Weldon describes how practicing life as an artist can help you wake yourself up and take back control of your attention, your money, your time, and the health of our society and our planet. Traveling from farm to protest march to classroom, and engaging a range of thinkers from Hannah Arendt to George Orwell, John Keats, and Henry David Thoreau, *The Hands-On Life* is a book for students and for everyone who dreams of building a better world.

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Babel to AI: Idolatry, Transhumanism, and the Crisis of Imago Dei confronts the profound questions of human identity and purpose in an age dominated by technological innovation. Drawing from biblical narratives like the Tower of Babel, this thought-provoking work explores how artificial intelligence, transhumanism, and other modern advancements echo ancient struggles with idolatry and hubris. At its core, this book calls readers to rediscover the doctrine of the imago Dei—the belief that humanity is created in the image of God—as the foundation for addressing the ethical and theological challenges of our time. Through compelling analysis and case studies, it unpacks the dangers of dehumanizing technologies and offers a robust theological framework for engaging them while safeguarding human dignity and relationality. Whether readers are a scholar, church leader, or thoughtful believer wrestling with the implications of AI and transhumanism, *From Babel to AI* will inspire all to think deeply, act faithfully, and reclaim humanity's divine purpose in a rapidly changing world.

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lanier you are not a gadget: Commercial Contract Law Larry A. DiMatteo, Qi Zhou, Severine Saintier, Keith Rowley, 2013-01-31 This book focuses on the law of commercial contracts as constructed by the US and UK legal systems. Leading scholars from both sides of the Atlantic provide works of original scholarship focusing on current debates and trends from the two dominant common law systems. The chapters approach the subject areas from a variety of perspectives - doctrinal analysis, law and economic analysis, and social-legal studies, as well as other theoretical perspectives. The book covers the major themes that underlie the key debates relating to commercial contract law: role of consent; normative theories of contract law; contract design and good faith; implied terms and interpretation; policing contract behavior; misrepresentation, breach and remedies; and the regional and international harmonization of contract law. Contributors provide insights on the many commonalities, but more interestingly, on the key divergences of the United States and United Kingdom's approaches to numerous areas of contract law.

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the digital public sphere of today.

lanier you are not a gadget: Handmaking America Bill Ivey, 2012-08-28 America has survived an economic near-disaster. While the state of employment and housing will one day improve, we will never return to the delusional prosperity that defined the first decade of the 21st century. Progressives should hold the key to quality of life in our coming post-consumerist society, but today Democrats have become timid, our vision of the good life marginalized by three decades of partisan attacks and the think tank-induced assumption that an unfettered marketplace, low taxes, and international adventurism will somehow give us an America capable of inspiring the world. *Handmaking America*, reaches back to the Arts-and-Crafts roots of progressive thought, confronting the way right-wing ideology and the power of post-industrial capitalism have undermined work, government; our very way of life, advancing a practical, achievable vision for a good society that can use the capacity of government to recover the essential strength of the American idea.

lanier you are not a gadget: Who Invented Oscar Wilde? David Newhoff, 2020-11 AAP PROSE Award, Finalist in Media and Culture Studies 2021 In early 1882, before young Oscar Wilde embarked on his lecture tour across America, he posed for publicity photos taken by a famously eccentric New York photographer named Napoleon Sarony. Few would guess that one of those photographs would become the subject of the Supreme Court case that challenged copyright protection for all photography--a constitutional question that asked how a machine-made image could possibly be a work of human creativity. *Who Invented Oscar Wilde?* is a story about the nature of authorship and the convenient fiction we call copyright. While a seemingly obscure topic, copyright has been a hotly contested issue almost since the day the internet became publicly accessible. The presumed obsolescence of authorial rights in this age of abundant access has fueled a debate that reaches far beyond the question of compensation for authors of works. Much of the literature on the subject is either highly academic, highly critical of copyright, or both. With a light and balanced touch, David Newhoff makes a case for intellectual property law, tracing the concept of authorship from copyright's ancient beginnings to its adoption in American culture to its eventual confrontation with photography and its relevance in the digital age. Newhoff tells a little-known story that will appeal to a broad spectrum of interests while making an argument that copyright is an essential ingredient to upholding the principles on which liberal democracy is founded.

lanier you are not a gadget: Technomodern Poetics Todd F. Tietchen, 2018-10-01 After the second World War, the term "technology" came to signify both the anxieties of possible annihilation in a rapidly changing world and the exhilaration of accelerating cultural change. *Technomodern Poetics* examines how some of the most well-known writers of the era described the tensions between technical, literary, and media cultures at the dawn of the Digital Age. Poets and writers such as Allen Ginsberg, Charles Olson, Jack Kerouac, and Frank O'Hara, among others, anthologized in Donald Allen's iconic *The New American Poetry, 1945-1960*, provided a canon of work that has proven increasingly relevant to our technological present. Elaborating on the theories of contemporaneous technologists such as Norbert Wiener, Claude Shannon, J. C. R. Licklider, and a host of noteworthy others, these artists express the anxieties and avant-garde impulses they wrestled with as they came to terms with a complex array of issues raised by the dawning of the nuclear age, computer-based automation, and the expansive reach of electronic media. As author Todd Tietchen reveals, even as these writers were generating novel forms and concerns, they often continued to question whether such technological changes were inherently progressive or destructive. With an undeniable timeliness, Tietchen's book is sure to appeal to courses in modern English literature and American studies, as well as among fans of Beat writers and early Cold War culture.

lanier you are not a gadget: Unexplained Richard MacLean Smith, 2018-10-25 'A grisly treat' Financial Times 'These mysteries are all the creepier for being true' Tatler BASED ON THE 'WORLD'S SPOOKIEST PODCAST' OF THE SAME NAME COMES UNEXPLAINED: A BOOK OF TEN REAL-LIFE MYSTERIES WHICH MIGHT BE BEST LEFT UNEXPLAINED . . . What can a case of demonic possession in 1970's Germany teach us about free will? What might we learn about how we

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