

gordon chang the coming collapse of china

Gordon Chang and the Coming Collapse of China: An In-Depth Analysis

gordon chang the coming collapse of china is a phrase that has sparked considerable debate among policymakers, economists, and analysts worldwide. Gordon G. Chang, a well-known author and commentator on China, has long argued that the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) is on the brink of a significant collapse due to internal economic, political, and social pressures. His predictions, outlined in books such as **The Coming Collapse of China**, have attracted attention for their boldness and detailed reasoning. This article delves into Chang's arguments, explores the factors he cites for China's potential downfall, and examines the broader implications of such a collapse.

Who is Gordon Chang?

Before diving into the substance of the coming collapse theory, it's important to understand who Gordon Chang is and why his views carry weight in discussions about China. Chang is a lawyer, columnist, and author who has specialized in East Asian affairs for decades. His background in law and years of experience reporting on China give him a unique perspective on the country's political and economic landscape.

Chang's book, **The Coming Collapse of China**, first published in the early 2000s, forecasted a dramatic unraveling of the Chinese regime due to its economic mismanagement and political isolation. While some of his timelines have been questioned, many of the structural issues he raises remain relevant today.

Key Arguments in Gordon Chang's Prediction

Chang's thesis about the coming collapse is not based on a single event but rather a convergence of systemic problems that threaten China's stability. His arguments can be broadly categorized into economic, political, and social factors.

Economic Fragility

One of the cornerstones of Chang's argument is China's economic vulnerability. Despite impressive growth rates over the past few decades, Chang highlights several worrying signs:

- ****Debt Crisis:**** China's rapid expansion has been fueled significantly by debt, particularly in state-owned enterprises and local governments. The buildup of non-performing loans and shadow banking risks a financial crisis.

- **Real Estate Bubble:** The Chinese property market has been a major driver of economic growth. However, speculation and overbuilding have created a bubble that, if burst, could shake the entire economy.
- **Manufacturing Decline:** Rising labor costs and trade tensions have begun to erode China's manufacturing dominance, which has been a key pillar of its economic model.
- **Demographic Challenges:** An aging population and shrinking workforce pose long-term risks to sustained economic growth.

Chang argues that these economic pressures are not easily resolvable within the current political framework, making a collapse more likely.

Political Instability and Governance Issues

Beyond economics, Chang points to political challenges that exacerbate China's fragility:

- **Authoritarianism and Lack of Transparency:** The CCP's tight control limits information flow, impeding problem-solving and fostering corruption.
- **Internal Party Factions:** Infighting within the CCP creates policy paralysis, reducing the government's ability to respond effectively to crises.
- **Loss of Legitimacy:** As economic growth slows and inequalities widen, public dissatisfaction increases. Chang argues that the CCP's legitimacy is increasingly questioned by its own citizens.
- **Ethnic and Regional Tensions:** Issues in regions like Xinjiang, Tibet, and Hong Kong contribute to instability and divert resources from economic development.

Chang contends that these political factors compound economic issues, increasing the risk of systemic failure.

Social Pressures and Public Discontent

Social unrest is a common theme in collapse theories, and Chang is no exception. He emphasizes:

- **Rising Inequality:** Despite overall growth, wealth disparities have grown, fueling resentment.
- **Censorship and Control:** Attempts to suppress dissent can backfire, leading to underground opposition movements.
- **Youth Disillusionment:** Younger generations face unemployment and limited opportunities, challenging traditional social contracts.
- **Environmental Degradation:** Pollution and resource depletion contribute to public health crises and dissatisfaction.

These social dynamics, Chang warns, create a volatile environment where small triggers could lead to larger upheavals.

Examining the Evidence: Is the Collapse Imminent?

While Gordon Chang's predictions have drawn criticism for their timing and perceived alarmism, many experts acknowledge the challenges he highlights. The question remains: how imminent is the collapse?

Economic Indicators to Watch

Investors and analysts often monitor key economic indicators that could validate or disprove Chang's thesis:

- **Non-Performing Loans:** Rising default rates in banks could signal financial distress.
- **Property Market Stability:** A sharp decline in real estate prices could destabilize local economies.
- **GDP Growth Rates:** Sustained significant slowdown may point to deeper structural issues.
- **Foreign Investment Trends:** Withdrawal or reduction of foreign capital could weaken economic resilience.

These data points provide tangible benchmarks for assessing China's economic health.

Political Developments and Leadership Dynamics

Political stability is harder to quantify but equally important:

- **Policy Changes:** Sudden shifts or purges within the CCP leadership might indicate internal strife.
- **Public Protests:** Increased frequency or scale of demonstrations can reflect growing social unrest.
- **International Relations:** China's diplomatic engagements and conflicts shape its internal confidence and economic prospects.

Observers often interpret these signals to gauge the CCP's grip on power.

Broader Implications of a Chinese Collapse

The idea of a "coming collapse" is not just an academic curiosity—it has profound implications for global politics, economics, and security.

Global Economic Impact

China is deeply integrated into the global economy as a manufacturing hub, consumer market, and creditor nation. A collapse could:

- Disrupt global supply chains.
- Trigger financial market turmoil due to defaults on debts held by international investors.
- Cause commodity price volatility.

Countries dependent on Chinese trade would need to adapt quickly to new realities.

Geopolitical Consequences

The fall or weakening of China's government could lead to:

- Regional instability in East Asia.
- A power vacuum that other nations might seek to fill.
- Shifts in U.S.-China relations and global alliances.

Such a scenario would require strategic recalibration by governments worldwide.

Humanitarian and Social Outcomes

On a human level, instability could result in:

- Large-scale displacement and migration.
- Heightened repression or conflict.
- Economic hardship affecting millions.

Understanding these risks helps international organizations prepare for potential crises.

Why Gordon Chang's Views Remain Relevant Today

Despite skepticism from some quarters, Gordon Chang's analysis continues to resonate because it challenges complacency about China's trajectory. His focus on structural vulnerabilities encourages a nuanced view that goes beyond surface-level growth statistics.

Moreover, ongoing developments—such as China's debt levels, demographic shifts, and political tightening under Xi Jinping—lend credence to many of the concerns he raised years ago. Whether or not the exact timing of a collapse aligns with Chang's predictions, the conversation he sparks is vital for policymakers and global citizens alike.

Engaging with these ideas helps foster informed debate about the future of one of the

world's most influential nations.

In exploring *gordon chang the coming collapse of china*, it becomes clear that this topic is multifaceted and complex. While certainty about China's future remains elusive, examining the economic, political, and social dynamics highlighted by Chang offers valuable insight into potential risks and challenges ahead. As global interdependence deepens, understanding these factors is crucial—not just for scholars and analysts, but for anyone interested in the evolving story of China and its place in the world.

Frequently Asked Questions

Who is Gordon Chang and what is his book 'The Coming Collapse of China' about?

Gordon Chang is an American lawyer and political commentator known for his analysis of China. His book 'The Coming Collapse of China' predicts significant economic and political turmoil leading to the downfall of the Chinese government.

What are the main arguments Gordon Chang presents in 'The Coming Collapse of China'?

Chang argues that China's economic model is unsustainable due to debt, corruption, and political repression, which he believes will eventually cause the collapse of the Chinese Communist Party's rule.

Has Gordon Chang's prediction about the collapse of China come true?

As of now, China has not collapsed as Chang predicted. However, his analysis continues to be debated, with some viewing his predictions as premature while others see signs validating his concerns.

What economic factors does Gordon Chang cite as reasons for China's potential collapse?

Chang highlights China's massive debt levels, real estate bubble, inefficient state-owned enterprises, and demographic challenges as key economic vulnerabilities threatening stability.

How does Gordon Chang view the political situation in China regarding the potential collapse?

Chang believes that the Chinese Communist Party's authoritarian control, suppression of

dissent, and lack of political reforms contribute to internal instability that could lead to collapse.

What criticisms have been made about Gordon Chang's predictions in 'The Coming Collapse of China'?

Critics argue that Chang's predictions underestimate China's adaptability, economic resilience, and the government's ability to manage crises, suggesting that the collapse is less imminent than he claims.

How has China's government responded to predictions like those made by Gordon Chang?

China's government generally dismisses such predictions as foreign propaganda or misinformed speculation, emphasizing stability, growth, and national strength instead.

Are there any recent events that support or contradict Gordon Chang's thesis about China's collapse?

Recent economic slowdowns, debt crises in property sectors, and political unrest in regions like Hong Kong have been cited by supporters of Chang's thesis, while China's continued global economic influence contradicts it.

What impact has 'The Coming Collapse of China' had on Western perceptions of China?

The book has influenced some policymakers and analysts in the West to adopt a more cautious or critical stance toward China, emphasizing potential risks associated with China's rise.

Does Gordon Chang offer any solutions or recommendations to address China's challenges?

Chang advocates for increased international pressure on China to encourage political reforms and transparency, as well as policies that address economic imbalances to prevent a chaotic collapse.

Additional Resources

****Gordon Chang The Coming Collapse of China: An Analytical Review****

gordon chang the coming collapse of china has become a frequently cited phrase in discussions about the future of global geopolitics and economics. Gordon G. Chang, a noted author and commentator on China, has long argued that China's political and economic systems are unstable and on the brink of a significant collapse. His perspective, detailed in books, articles, and media appearances, presents a provocative thesis that challenges the

commonly held view of China as an unshakable global superpower. This article explores Chang's arguments, examines the evidence, and situates his predictions within the broader context of China's current challenges and prospects.

Understanding Gordon Chang's Thesis on China's Collapse

Gordon Chang's central argument is that the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) is facing an inevitable decline due to a combination of internal contradictions, economic vulnerabilities, and political repression. His seminal work, *The Coming Collapse of China*, published over two decades ago, forecasted that the authoritarian regime would not survive the mounting pressures it faces. Chang's thesis revolves around several key pillars:

- **Economic Instability:** He highlights China's debt-driven growth model, reliance on exports, and property bubble as critical weaknesses.
- **Political Fragility:** Chang points to the CCP's lack of democratic legitimacy and its heavy-handed governance as unsustainable in the long term.
- **Social Unrest:** The growing disparities in wealth, ethnic tensions, and demands for greater freedoms are seen as catalysts for potential upheaval.
- **Geopolitical Pressures:** Chang underscores the impact of international sanctions, trade wars, and diplomatic isolation on China's stability.

This framework is a lens through which to assess the recent developments in China's domestic and international landscape.

Economic Vulnerabilities: Debt, Demographics, and Growth Slowdown

One of the most urgent concerns in Chang's analysis is the fragility of China's economy. While China has experienced spectacular growth over the past four decades, the sustainability of this growth is under question. Analysts note that China's total debt has soared to over 300% of its GDP, fueled by aggressive lending practices and state-led infrastructure projects. This debt accumulation raises fears of a financial crisis akin to Japan's "lost decades."

Further complicating China's economic outlook is its demographic shift. The one-child policy, although recently relaxed, has led to an aging population and shrinking workforce, which could dampen productivity and innovation. This demographic trend contrasts sharply with the youthful populations of emerging economies, potentially eroding China's comparative advantage in manufacturing and export-led growth.

Moreover, China's transition from an export- and investment-driven economy to one reliant on domestic consumption is proving challenging. The COVID-19 pandemic exacerbated these difficulties, exposing vulnerabilities in supply chains and consumer confidence. Gordon Chang's warnings about economic instability resonate with current concerns over the country's slowing GDP growth, rising unemployment, and the ongoing real estate crisis.

exemplified by the Evergrande debacle.

Political Dynamics and the CCP's Legitimacy Crisis

Beyond economics, Chang's assessment focuses heavily on the political dimension. The Chinese Communist Party, which has maintained a monopoly on power since 1949, faces a legitimacy crisis. Without democratic mechanisms to refresh leadership or address public grievances, the CCP depends on nationalism, economic performance, and strict social control to maintain order.

However, recent years have seen increased repression under President Xi Jinping's administration, including crackdowns on dissent, tighter internet censorship, and the controversial handling of regions like Hong Kong and Xinjiang. These measures, while intended to consolidate power, have also alienated significant segments of the population and the international community.

Chang argues that political repression can only delay, not prevent, systemic collapse. He points to historical parallels where authoritarian regimes faced internal decay despite outward appearances of strength. Furthermore, the CCP's failure to institute meaningful reforms or allow political pluralism could exacerbate tensions within elite circles and between the state and society.

Social Unrest and Ethnic Tensions

Social stability is a critical factor in Chang's prediction of China's downfall. The country's rapid modernization has not translated into equitable development, leaving many rural and urban communities marginalized. Income inequality has widened, and the rising cost of living, coupled with limited social mobility, fuels discontent.

Ethnic tensions, particularly in Tibet and Xinjiang, represent additional fault lines. The CCP's policies in these regions, involving cultural assimilation and surveillance, have drawn international condemnation and sparked resistance. Chang warns that such tensions could erupt into broader conflicts, undermining national cohesion.

Moreover, the younger generation's growing exposure to global ideas and dissatisfaction with authoritarian controls adds another layer of complexity. Protest movements, though often suppressed, signal underlying societal fractures.

International Context: Geopolitical Risks and Economic Pressures

Gordon Chang's analysis also situates China's internal challenges within a broader international context. The nation's assertive foreign policy, including territorial claims in the South China Sea and the Belt and Road Initiative, has provoked responses from the United

States, the European Union, and regional neighbors. Trade disputes and sanctions have targeted key sectors like technology and finance.

These external pressures compound the CCP's domestic difficulties, creating a multifaceted crisis. For instance, the U.S.-China trade war disrupted export markets and supply chains, while restrictions on Chinese tech companies aim to curb China's technological ambitions.

Furthermore, global shifts such as the reorientation of supply chains to reduce dependence on China and increased scrutiny of Chinese investments signal a strategic decoupling trend. Chang interprets these developments as signs that China's geopolitical standing is more precarious than often portrayed.

The Role of Technology and Innovation

Technology is a double-edged sword in the discussion of China's stability. On one hand, China has made remarkable strides in areas like 5G, artificial intelligence, and renewable energy, which bolster its economic and military capabilities. On the other hand, Chang cautions that systemic inefficiencies and intellectual property concerns could limit China's innovation capacity.

Moreover, the CCP's control over information and suppression of academic freedom may stifle creativity and entrepreneurship. The potential technological lag relative to Western competitors could exacerbate China's economic challenges, reinforcing Chang's thesis of impending collapse.

Assessing the Evidence: Is the Collapse Imminent?

While Gordon Chang's warnings have attracted attention, critics argue that his predictions have been premature or overblown. China continues to demonstrate resilience through adaptive policies, significant foreign reserves, and a vast domestic market. The CCP has also shown an ability to manage crises and maintain social order, albeit through authoritarian means.

However, the persistence of structural issues—debt, demographic shifts, political rigidity, and international tensions—cannot be ignored. The complexity of China's challenges suggests that while a sudden collapse may not be imminent, the risk of stagnation, instability, or gradual decline remains real.

Economic data from recent years show slowing growth rates, rising corporate defaults, and a cautious approach to reforms. Politically, the centralization of power under Xi Jinping contrasts with earlier collective leadership, potentially reducing the regime's adaptability. Social unrest, though controlled, continues to simmer beneath the surface.

In this light, Gordon Chang's perspective serves as a crucial counterpoint to more optimistic narratives, urging policymakers and analysts to consider the vulnerabilities that could

reshape global dynamics.

Implications for Global Stakeholders

The potential decline or transformation of China has profound implications for international relations, trade, and security. Economies heavily integrated with China must prepare for supply chain disruptions and shifting markets. Geopolitical strategies will need to account for a more uncertain and possibly fragmented China.

For investors, understanding the risks associated with China's debt and regulatory environment is critical. Similarly, human rights advocates and diplomatic actors must navigate the tensions between engagement and accountability.

Ultimately, the discourse around "gordon chang the coming collapse of china" highlights the importance of vigilance and nuanced analysis in anticipating the future of one of the world's most influential nations.

The dialogue surrounding China's trajectory remains dynamic and complex. Gordon Chang's forecasts, whether viewed as alarmist or insightful, underscore the multifaceted challenges confronting China today. As global observers continue to monitor economic indicators, political developments, and social trends, the question of China's sustainability will remain a central theme in international discourse for years to come.

[Gordon Chang The Coming Collapse Of China](#)

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *The Coming Collapse Of China* Gordon G. Chang, 2010-05-25 Fully revised and updated edition covering China's new membership of the WTO and with a new introduction. 'Damning data and persuasive arguments that should set some Communist knees a-knocking.' Kirkus Reviews 'A compelling account of the rot in China's institutions and the forces at work to end the Communist Party's monopoly on power.' James A. Dorn, Cato Institute, Washington D. C., Co-Editor of China's future: Constructive Partner or Emerging Threat? 'Quite simply the best book I know about China's future. Gordon Chang writes marvellously and knows China well. I hope everyone concerned with that country will pay careful consideration to what he sees ahead.' Arthur Waldron, Director of Asian Studies, American Enterprise Institute; Lauder Professor of International Relations, University of Pennsylvania. 'A tour de force not to be missed.' Willy Wo-Lap, Senior China Analyst at CNN's Hong Kong office and author of The Era of Jiang Zemin. 'When he warns that China's two centuries of troubles are still not over, we had better take notice.' Andrew J. Nathan, Professor of Political Science, Columbia University; Co-Editor, The Tiananmen Papers.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *China's Rise and Its Global Implications* Shaoguang Wang, 2021-09-22 This book is the culmination of a lifetime of research into Chinese development, situated in a global historical context. The author explores the irreplaceable role of state capacity, state-owned-enterprises and five-year plan in China's transformation from an agricultural state to an industrial state and then to the world's economic powerhouse, as well as the

remarkable achievements of social policy to reduce the rural-urban gap and regional gap. This book will be of interest to China scholars, development economists, political activists, and general readers who would like to know more about China's growth miracle.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Chinese Communist Party In Transformation. The: The Crisis Of Identity And Possibility For Renewal Lance Liangping Gore, 2021-03-12 The book is part of the recent effort to catch up with the research on the Chinese Communist Party (CCP). Despite its omnipresence and pivotal role in running the country, there has been a conspicuous shortage of references to the Party in most studies related to China. In its stead, the academic literature as well as popular discussions has too often treated the CCP as a type of regime destined to the dustbin of history. The inadequacy of research in this area is understandable because CCP is a tightly organised Leninist party which has kept much of its internal affairs confidential. This book examines the key aspects of the transformation of CCP in the rapidly changing national and global context. It highlights the problems faced by the ruling Leninist party in adapting to a capitalistic environment that its organisations cannot fully control and its ideology cannot effectively rationalise. It also examines CCP's strategies for adaptation in the areas of ideological reformulation, party-society relations and the ways of exercising power and maintaining internal cohesion. In addition to helping the readers understand how China is ruled and how the Chinese system operates, the book also highlights the evolutionary dynamics of Chinese politics in the environment created by CCP's reform and open-door policies.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: The Dictator's Dilemma Bruce Dickson, 2016-05-16 Many observers predicted the collapse of the Chinese Communist Party following the Tiananmen Square crackdown in 1989, and again following the serial collapse of communist regimes behind the Iron Curtain. Their prediction, however, never proved true. Despite minor setbacks, China has experienced explosive economic growth and relative political stability ever since 1989. In *The Dictator's Dilemma*, eminent China scholar Bruce Dickson provides a comprehensive explanation for regime's continued survival and prosperity. Dickson contends that the popular media narrative of the party's impending implosion ignores some basic facts. The regime's policies may generate resentment and protest, but the CCP still enjoys a surprisingly high level of popular support. Nor is the party not cut off from the people it governs. It consults with a wide range of specialists, stakeholders, and members of the general public in a selective yet extensive manner. Further, it tolerates and even encourages a growing and diverse civil society, even while restricting access to it. Today, the majority of Chinese people see the regime as increasingly democratic even though it does not allow political competition and its leaders are not accountable to the electorate. In short, while the Chinese people may prefer change, they prefer that it occurs within the existing political framework. In reaching this conclusion, Dickson draws upon original public opinion surveys, interviews, and published materials to explain why there is so much popular support for the regime. This basic stability is a familiar story to China specialists, but not to those whose knowledge of contemporary China is limited to the popular media. *The Dictator's Dilemma*, an engaging synthesis of how the CCP rules and its future prospects, will enlighten both audiences, and will be essential for anyone interested in understanding China's increasing importance in world politics.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Coming Collapse of China (kindle) Gordon G. CHANG, 2010-05-25

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Rueful Addiction Thorsten J. Pattberg, 2019-04-25 A collection of blogs in Cultural Marxism, obsessive speech codes, political correctness, internet trolling, hateful politics, and fake news media.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Western Perspectives On The People's Republic Of China: Politics, Economy And Society Colin Mackerras, 2015-03-05 How have Westerners seen the People's Republic of China over the years? The question raises many important issues, which this book aims to present, analyze and explain. The basic conclusion is that Western perspectives are somewhat more complex than simply viewing China's realities. Involved also are politics and power relations, trends in journalism and scholarship, as well as individual and group

personalities and psychologies. Based on extensive personal experiences in China dating back to 1964 and wide-ranging travel in Tibet and ethnic regions since the 1980s, the author attempts to distinguish trends in different Western countries. However, most of the material will concern the United States, which has been the dominant contributor to Western perspectives during the whole period of concern to this book. The perspectives are taken up by topic, including politics, economy, society, and ethnic minorities. Inherent in each topic is the way cultures see and react towards each other. Images and perspectives can affect policy, and have done so many times in the past, which adds to the importance of this book. It also takes up questions of the sources of Western perspectives, both in terms of direct sources, such as newspapers, television or the internet, and deeper ones, such as social values and temperament.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *Greater China in an Era of Globalization* Sujian Guo, Baogang Guo, 2010-01-01 China's growth in the past few decades has been unprecedented, and continues to stay strong as it expands its influence around the globe. However, in many ways, the once insular China is still looking to find its footing as an international player in the globalization game. *Greater China in an Era of Globalization* looks at the success of China and its surrounding territories of Taiwan, Hong Kong, and Macau and asks the question What is Chinese globalization?. The contributors in this volume look to answer this question by examining China's role both in its immediate sphere of influence and in the greater world. In doing so, the contributors argue that its push to globalize has had as much effect on the country itself, both politically and culturally, as it has had on the world. The contributors further the argument by analyzing China's influence on the rising nations in Africa and Latin America, before ending the book with a comparative analysis between it and the historic rise and fall of influence of its European counterparts.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *Chinese vs. Western Perspectives* Jinghao Zhou, 2013-12-04 China is on the rise in the globalized world. The relationship between China and the United States has become the most important global issue in the twenty-first century. It is urgent to understand what is happening in China and where China is heading. However, there are many misconceptions about China in the West, which affect Westerners' ability to objectively understand China, and, ultimately influence the making of foreign policy toward China. The author attempts to challenge the misconceptions coming from both Western societies and China, and offer an integrated picture of contemporary China through systematically examining the major aspects of contemporary Chinese society and culture with the most recent data, and presents convincing arguments in eighteen chapters for spurring mutual understanding between China and the West. The author intends this book to be an interdisciplinary and comprehensive guide to China for a general audience, and it covers a wide variety of topics, including history, family, population, Chinese women, economy, environmental issues, politics, religion, media, U.S.-China relations, and other subjects. This book demonstrates the author's extensive research and thoughtful examination of many sides of controversial issues related to China with a nice balance of Western and Chinese scholarship. This is one of the few that are authored by scholars who originate from China and have their professional career in the United States, but it is distinctive from the rest of studies on this subject in that the author is committed to examining today's China from Chinese as well as Western perspectives. This is not only a scholarly book, but also is suitable for general classes on China.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *China Tomorrow* Jean-Pierre Cabestan, 2019-06-21 Arguing against conventional wisdom, this important book makes a compelling case for the continuing strength of China's one-party system. Many analysts have predicted that China's unprecedented economic development and middle-class expansion would lead to a liberalization of its political regime and a move toward democracy. Instead, leading scholar Jean-Pierre Cabestan contends that the Chinese Communist Party will continue to adapt and prosper in the coming decades, representing a growing challenge to all democracies. Influenced by China's traditional culture and even more so by the regime's Soviet ideology, institutions, and modus operandi, most Chinese are not pushing for democracy, choosing security, stability and prosperity over political freedoms and participation.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: China and the Future of Globalization

U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission, 2005

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *The Rough Guide to China (Travel Guide eBook)*

Rough Guides, 2017-06-01 The new, fully updated The Rough Guide to China is the definitive guide to this enchanting country, one of the world's oldest civilisations. From the high-tech cities of Hong Kong and Shanghai to minority villages in Yunnan and Buddhist temples of Tibet, China's mixture of modernity and ancient traditions never fails to impress. With stunning new photography and all the best places to eat, sleep, party and shop, The Rough Guide to China has everything need to ensure you don't miss a thing in this fast-changing nation. Detailed, full-colour maps help you find the best spot for Peking duck or navigate Beijing's backstreets. Itineraries make planning easy, and a Contexts section gives in-depth background on China's history and culture, as well language tips, with handy words and phrases to ease your journey. All this, combined with detailed coverage of the country's best attractions, from voyages down the Yangzi River to hiking the infamous Great Wall, makes The Rough Guide to China the essential companion to delve into China's greatest treasures.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *The Price of China's Economic Development*

Zhaohui Hong, 2015-07-21 The People's Republic of China has experienced significant transformations since Deng Xiaoping instituted economic reforms in 1978. Subsequent leaders continued and often broadened Deng's policies, shifting the nation from agrarianism to industrialism, from isolation to internationalism, and from centralized planning to market-based economics. As the world strives to understand the nation's rapid development, few observers have comprehensively examined the social and cultural price of the economic boom for the majority of the Chinese people. Zhaohui Hong assesses the sociocultural consequences of these reforms in this provocative study. He contends that modern China functions as an oligarchy or plutocracy ruled by an alliance of political power and private capital where the boundaries between the private and public sectors are constantly shifting. This power-capital institution based on three millennia of Confucian ideology and decades of Maoist communism exercises monopolistic control of public resources at the expense of civil society and social justice for the majority of citizens. The Price of China's Economic Development urges policymakers to alter their analytic lens. While industrial and commercial development is quantitatively measured, Hong argues that social progress should be assessed qualitatively, with justice its ultimate goal and fair allocation of resources and opportunity as the main index of success. This sophisticated analysis introduces English speakers to the varied and significant work of contemporary Chinese scholars and substantially enriches the international dialogue.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: *China, India and the International*

Economic Order Muthucumaraswamy Sornarajah, Jiangyu Wang, 2010-08-26 With contributions by a variety of internationally distinguished scholars on international law, world trade, business law and development, this unique examination of the roles of China and India in the new world economy adopts the perspectives of international economic law and comparative law. The two countries are compared with respect to issues concerning trade and development, the World Trade Organization, international dispute settlement, regional/free trade agreements, outsourcing, international investment, foreign investment, corporate governance, competition law and policy, and law and development in general. The findings demonstrate that, though their domestic approaches to economic issues diverge, China and India adopt similar stances at the international level on many major issues, recapturing images which existed during the immediate post-colonial era. Cooperation between China and India could provide leadership in the struggle for economic development in developing countries.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Chinese Politics and Foreign Policy under Xi

Jinping Arthur S. Ding, Jagannath P. Panda, 2020-11-23 This book focuses on China's future under Xi Jinping's authoritarian leadership by examining various facets of the political, economic, social and foreign policy trajectories of contemporary China. It assesses Xi Jinping's power dynamic as the 'core' leader of the Communist Party of China (CPC) and analyses the impact of Xi's signature

domestic policies which demonstrate his political authority within the domestic sphere. Moreover, the book presents Xi's pro-active, assertive and action-oriented outlook as a foundation for China's diplomacy in the 'new era'. Bringing together an international set of experts in the field who explore critical facets of China under Xi Jinping that deeply influence the regional as well as the global order, the book investigates the impact of Chinese initiatives such as the grand Belt and Road Initiative (BRI), the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) and the BRICS New Development Bank (NDB). Importantly, the book illustrates US-China relations and outlines how this relationship will intensify in the post-COVID-19 era, which is poised to be one of the biggest challenges and turning points of the 'Asian Century'. Offering a timely insight into China's future and the trajectory of Xi Jinping's consolidation of power, this book will be of interest to academics in the fields of China Studies, Asian and International Politics and International Relations.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Civilization and the Chinese Body Politic Yongnian Zheng, 2022-11-22 In this important and hugely ambitious book, one of the world's leading political scientists working on China demonstrates how Western views of China are flawed because the long tradition of Western scholarship studying China views China from the Western philosophical and intellectual perspective rather than viewing China on its own terms through the lens of China's own long-established and reputable philosophical and intellectual tradition. Providing a deep analysis of Western scholarship on China, including work from Leibniz to Marx to Weber and then to Wittfogel, and a thorough account of the evolution of China's own thinking about governance as expressed in the practices of successive Chinese dynasties, the book goes on to examine how the current Chinese body politic fits with and is the natural outcome of China's own long, well-thought-through and well-practiced intellectual consideration of what the nature of civilized governance should be. By focusing on philosophical and intellectual approaches rather than on theoretical or methodological ones, the book shows how the huge and increasing disconnect between non-Chinese views of China and Chinese ones has come about.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: China's Quiet Rise Baogang Guo, Chung-chian Teng, 2011-05-12 Despite China's desire to make its rapid ascendance in the 21st century as non-provocative as possible, the key to ensure China's peaceful rise lies in two-way integration and engagement. A closely integrated China with the rest of the world and China's acceptance of existing international norms and rules may compel China to behave in a more predictable and responsive way. This co-edited book examines China's rising military capacity and the complex feelings its neighbors, such as Taiwan, South Korea and India, have toward the increasingly powerful China. The focus of this book is on the efforts made by China to brand her non-aggressive image through promoting public diplomacy and expanding regional free trade and cooperation in Asia and Latin America. It uses the cross-Taiwan-strait relations as a testing ground for the prospect of peace between the two former adversaries. China's Quiet Rise will help readers understand why integration, instead of isolation and containment, may be the most effective way to facilitate China's peaceful rise.

gordon chang the coming collapse of china: Unparalleled Reforms Christopher Marsh, 2005-01-01 The reforms of the Soviet and Chinese communist regimes were unparalleled-both in the radical, precedent-setting reforms attempted by the two countries and in the outcomes of these attempts. While the Soviet Union collapsed quickly in the midst of its reforms, more than a decade later China, the world's most populous country, still stands as a testament to the resilience of Communist rule. It is this phenomenon that Christopher Marsh explores in *Unparalleled Reforms*. Marsh goes beyond simply discussing the differing initial conditions, the sequencing of reform, and cultural differences to also consider the objectives and intentions of the policy makers and leaders that directed the reform processes and the interdependent nature of politics on the world stage. *Unparalleled Reforms* offers the reader a sophisticated understanding of the nature of political reform and develops a theoretical model that can account for commonly overlooked factors that affect political processes in all types of political systems. In a class all its own, this is an important work for scholars interested in comparative politics, international relations, economics, Asian

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